IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR ORANGE COUNTY, FLORIDA

CASE NO: 2016-CA-007634-O

DCA NO: 5D21-233

DAVID W FOLEY, JR AND JENNIFER T. FOLEY,

-VS-

ORANGE COUNTY, ET AL.,

SUPPLEMENTAL RECORD ON APPEAL

Certificate of Compliance

This document is in conformity with all font and word count requirements per F.R.A.P. 9.045

Case Number: 2016-CA-007634-O

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IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR ORANGE COUNTY, FLORIDA

Plaintiffs

DAVID W. FOLEY, JR., and JENNIFER T. FOLEY

ν.

Defendants

ORANGE COUNTY, a political subdivision of the State of Florida, and,
ASIMA AZAM, TIM BOLDIG, FRED
BRUMMER, RICHARD CROTTY, FRANK
DETOMA, MILDRED FERNANDEZ,
MITCH GORDON, TARA GOULD, CAROL
HOSSFIELD, TERESA JACOBS,
RODERICK LOVE, ROCCO RELVINI,
SCOTT RICHMAN, JOE ROBERTS,
MARCUS ROBINSON, TIFFANY
RUSSELL, BILL SEGAL, PHIL SMITH, and
LINDA STEWART,
individually and together,
in their personal capacities.

2016-CA-007634-O

PLAINTIFFS'
MOTION FOR
JUDICIAL NOTICE

PLAINTIFFS DAVID AND JENNIFER FOLEY pursuant to §§90.202(6) and 90.203, Fla. Stat., move this court to take judicial notice of a portion of the docket, and a printed transcript from an official audio recording of oral argument, in case 14-10936-EE, *Foley v. Orange Cty. et. al.*, 638 Fed. App'x. 941, 2016 WL 361399, (11th Cir.2016). The Foleys wish to use the transcript to refute arguments made by opposing counsels with respect to the affirmative defenses of limitations and *res judicata*.

BACKGROUND

- 1. January 26, 2016, the United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit heard oral argument in *Foley v. Orange Cty.*, 638 F. App'x 941 (11th Cir. 2016). This is shown in the attached portion of the docket App. A.
- 2. The Eleventh Circuit records oral argument electronically and files these recordings with the Clerk of Court. The Clerk makes these recordings available to the public for a fee.
- 3. February 2 and 4, 2016, the Foleys purchased recordings of the January 26th oral argument in *Foley v. Orange Cty*. This is shown in the attached portion of the docket App. A.
- 4. David Foley transcribed the recording and appended each page of the written transcript with a certificate attesting to the fact that the transcript was of the official audio recording of oral argument in *Foley v. Orange Ctv.*
- 5. David Foley's printed transcript was included in the Foleys' petition for certiorari to the Supreme Court of the United States, *Foley, et ux. v. Orange County, Fl, et al.* 137 S. Ct. 378 (2016), certiorari denied. The transcript from the Foleys' petition is attached docket App. B.
- 6. Petitions for certiorari to the Supreme Court of the United States, both granted and denied, are available to the public from a variety of sources

including but not limited to the Supreme Court, the Library of Congress, Lexis-Nexus, and WestLaw.

ARGUMENT

- 7. Fla. R. Jud. Admin. 2.420(b)(1)(A) defines "court records" as follows:
 - "court records" which are the contents of the court file, including the progress docket and other similar records generated to document activity in a case, transcripts filed with the clerk, documentary exhibits in the custody of the clerk, and electronic records, videotapes, or stenographic tapes of depositions or other proceedings filed with the clerk, and electronic records, videotapes, or stenographic tapes of court proceedings.
- 8. The attached portion of the Eleventh Circuit docket of <u>Foleys v.</u>

 <u>Orange Cty. et. al.</u>, satisfies this definition as "the progress docket and other similar records generated to document activity in a case."
- 9. The Eleventh Circuit recording of *Foleys v. Orange Cty. et. al.*, satisfies this definition as "electronic records."
- 10. The Foleys' petition for certiorari to the Supreme Court of the United States, including the excerpted printed transcript of the Eleventh Circuit recording of *Foleys v. Orange Cty. et. al.*, satisfies this definition as "contents of the court file."

- 11. The transcript made by David Foley of oral argument in *Foleys v*. *Orange Cty. et. al.*, therefore satisfies §90.202(6), Fla. Stat.; it is a "court record" of which the "court may take judicial notice."
- 12. The transcript will provide this Court with greater insight into the decision of Judges Tjoflat, Anderson, and Rosenbaum, in *Foleys v. Orange Cty. et. al.*. In particular, statements made by Judge Tjoflat refute arguments of opposing counsels regarding limitations [p. 30a, lines 1-7] and *res judicata* [p. 29, lines 15-25]. Too, the long exchange regarding Art. IV, §9, Fla. Const., between Judge Anderson and County attorney William Turner, which briefly includes Judge Tjoflat, [pp. 19a 24a] demonstrates the federal court's concern that the question of the defendants' regulation of *aviculture* be decided by a Florida court.

CONCLUSION

Pursuant to §§90.202(6) and 90.203, Fla. Stat., the Foleys request the court take judicial notice of the attached the attached portion of the docket of, and the attached written transcript of the official audio recording of oral argument before, the Eleventh Circuit in *Foleys v. Orange Cty. et. al.*

VERIFICATION

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have read the foregoing, and the facts alleged therein are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Plaintiffs certify that on May 22, 2017, the foregoing was electronically filed with the Clerk of the Court using the Florida Courts' eFiling Portal, which will send notice of filing and a service copy of the foregoing to the following:

William C. Turner, Jr., Assistant County Attorney,

P.O. Box 2687, Orlando FL, 32801, williamchip.turner@ocfl.net;

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840 S. Denning Dr. 200, Winter Park FL, 32789,

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David W. Foley, Ir.

Jennifer T. Foley

Date: May 22, 2017

Plaintiffs

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14-10936 Summary 2/24/16, 6:12 PM

If you view the Full Docket you will be charged for 8 Pages \$0.80

General Docket United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit

Court of Appeals Docket #: 14-10936 Docketed: 03/04/2014

Nature of Suit: 3950 Constitutionality of State Statutes

David Foley, Jr., et al v. Orange County

Termed: 01/29/2016

Appeal From: Middle District of Florida

Case Handler: Brasselmon, Sandra, EE

Fee Status: Fee Paid

(404) 335-6181

Case Type Information:

1) Private Civil

2) Federal Question

3) -

Originating Court Information:

District: 113A-6 : 6:12-cv-00269-RBD-KRS

Court Reporter: Amie First Court Reporter: Diane Peede Court Reporter: Unknown Reporter

Civil Proceeding: Roy B. Dalton, Junior, U.S. District Judge **Secondary Judge:** Karla R. Spaulding, U.S. Magistrate Judge

Date Filed: 02/21/2012 **Date NOA Filed:** 03/03/2014

App. A

14-10936 Summary 2/24/16, 6:12 PM

11/17/2015	Oral argument scheduled. Argument Date: Tuesday, 01/26/2016 Argument Location: Jacksonville, FL.
01/15/2016	Supplemental Authority filed by Appellant-Cross Appellee David W. Foley, Jr Service date: 01/12/2016 US mail - Appellants-Cross Appellees Foley, Foley; email - Attorney for Appellees: Angell, O'Connor, Oxford; Attorney for Appellees-Cross Appellants: Prinsell, Turner.
01/26/2016	Oral argument held. Oral Argument participants were Party David W. Foley, Jr. and Derek J. Angell for Appellees Teresa Jacobs, Fred Brummer, Frank Detoma, Asima M. Azam, Roderick Love, Scott Alan Richman, Joe Roberts, Marcus Robinson, Richard Crotty, Linda Stewart, Bill Segal, Mildred Fernandez and Tiffany Russell, Lamar D. Oxford for Appellees Phil Smith, Carol Hossfield, Mitch Gordon, Rocco Relvini, Tara Gould and Tim Boldig and William Carlton Turner, Jr. for Appellee-Cross Appellant Orange County.
01/29/2016	Judgment entered as to Appellants-Cross Appellees David W. Foley, Jr. and Jennifer T. Foley.
01/29/2016	Opinion issued by court as to Appellants-Cross Appellees David W. Foley, Jr. and Jennifer T. Foley. Decision: Vacated and Remanded. Opinion type: Non-Published. Opinion method: Per Curiam. 14-10937X. The opinion is also available through the Court's Opinions page at this link http://www.ca11.uscourts.gov/opinions .
02/02/2016	Oral argument CD requested by David W. Foley, Jr. and Jennifer T. Foley.
02/03/2016	Oral Argument CD sent to David W. Foley, Jr. and Jennifer T. Foley.
02/04/2016	Oral argument CD requested by Jennifer T. Foley.
02/04/2016	Oral Argument CD sent to David W. Foley, Jr. and Jennifer T. Foley. This was the second CD that was sent. They had provided an overnight envelope from the US mail that I mailed it in.
02/18/2016	Petition for Panel Rehearing only filed by Appellant-Cross Appellees David W. Foley, Jr. and Jennifer Foley

	PACER Service	e Center	
Transaction Receipt			
02/24/2016 18:11:06			
PACER Login:	df4972:3898245:0	Client Code:	
Description:	Case Summary	Search Criteria:	14-10936
Billable Pages:	1	Cost:	0.10

TRANSCRIPT OF ORAL ARGUMENT BEFORE THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ELEVENTH CIRCUIT

CASE NO.: 14-10936-EE

DATE: January 26, 2016

LOCATION: Jacksonville, Florida

PRESIDING:

Hon. Gerald Bard Tjoflat Hon. R. Lanier Anderson Hon. Robin S. Rosenbaum

PRESENT:

David W. & Jennifer T. Foley, Plaintiffs-Appellants, Cross-Appellees

Derek J. Angell for Defendants-Appellees, Teresa Jacobs, Fred Brummer, Frank Detoma, Asima M. Azam, Roderick Love, Scott Alan Richman, Joe Roberts, Marcus Robinson, Richard Crotty, Linda Stewart, Bill Segal, Mildred Fernandez and Tiffany Russell,

Lamar D. Oxford for Defendants-Appellees, Phil Smith, Carol Hossfield, Mitch Gordon, Rocco Relvini, Tara Gould and Tim Boldig

William Carlton Turner, Jr. for Defendants-Appellee-Cross Appellant Orange County.

App. B

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

1	FOLEY: May it please the Court. Judge
2	Tjoflat, Judge Anderson, Judge
3	Rosenbaum. I'm David. And uh with me is
4	Jennifer. We're the Foleys. We're the
5	toucan farmers from Orange County. And
6	we're here to ask the court for a rule. And
7	that rule, that four part rule, is this. That
8	the defendants are liable in suit, not
9	simply because they have deprived us of
10	vested property and liberty interests, but
11	because; one – the deprivation was
12	deliberate, it was retrospective, and
13	continuous, two – the deprivation was not
14	commanded by County Code, three – the
15	deprivation was prohibited by clearly
16	established state laws, indeed, the state's
17	fundamental laws, its constitutional
18	separation of powers established in article
19	four, section nine, of Florida's constitution,
20	but, more importantly, the long history of
21	judicial decisions that have construed that
22	decision to mean only FWC, the Florida
23	Fish and Wildlife Conservation
24	Commission, has the legislative authority
25	and the executive authority to regulate the
26	possession and sale of our toucans, and
27	four – the deprivation was effected by a
28	hammer and anvil procedure that for
29	and there was no pre-deprivation remedy

1 in the extraordinary writs uh no direct 2 state court review that that prevented us 3 to A – uh challenge the validity of the Defendant's actions or B – to continue to 4 5 exercise the rights that we claim. So this is 6 a rule that we think fairly represents the 7 relief that we seek, and the three points 8 that I want to make this morning. First, uh the limitations should be tolled, 9 and immunity should be denied because the 10 11 defendants were enforcing an aviculture 12 custom of their own making, not an 13 ordinance. Their conversion of the custom 14 into policy was not commanded by the code 15 and violated the state's separation of 16 powers. Second, they destroyed our bird 17 business and they destroyed our remedy by 18 enforcing that aviculture custom 19 retrospectively using a hammer and anvil 20 procedure that effectively locked the court 21 house door, it denied us extraordinary 22 writs, adequate state court review, and, 23 unless we pierce the shield immunity, we 24 don't have compensatory relief. And Third. 25 we're here in federal court because the 26 defendants are flouting the state 27 constitution and their manipulating its 28 fundamental process making what should 29 have been our remedies into a punishment. 30 We say their aviculture custom is void.

They say it's valid. Basically that's our case 1 2 and controversy and Florida has a perfect 3 remedy for that. It's chapter 162 of the Florida Statutes and it says to defendants – 4 5 when you found the Foleys in violation of 6 vour aviculture custom. February twenty 7 third two thousand and seven, there were 8 three thing you could do. You can choose 9 door number one – prosecute the Foleys 10 directly in State Court. You can choose door 11 number two – you can prosecute the Foleys 12 before your own Code Enforcement Board, 13 and the Foleys can appeal that decision 14 directly to State Court. Or you can choose 15 door number three, and this is the 16 important one – you can prosecute them 17 any way you want, and let the Foleys figure 18 out whether they have a remedy. They 19 chose door number three, they bifurcated 20 prosecution. They prosecuted a building 21 permit violation before their Code 22 Enforcement Board and they prosecuted 23 the aviculture custom in Zoning Division's 24 permit procedure. They created a hammer 25 and an anvil. The Code Enforcement Board 26 ordered us to destroy the accessory 27 structures where we keep our toucans or 28 get a permit for them – that is the hammer. 29 And zoning division refused to grant the 30 permit – the anvil. The hammer came down

on the anvil on June seventeenth two 1 2 thousand seven and we had to destroy our 3 aviaries. The state court review of the hammer, the code enforcement board order, 4 5 couldn't reach the aviculture custom 6 because the Defendants didn't prosecute it 7 there and the State Court review of the 8 anvil, permitting... uh the zoning divisions 9 permit refusal that we appealed by 10 Determination to the BZA and the BCC, it 11 couldn't reach the aviculture custom 12 because of the uh state judicial policy that 13 says Defendants are assumed to know the 14 limits of their subject matter jurisdiction 15 and therefore they have a right to draft a 16 facially constitutional policy without 17 judicial interference. So, Defendants didn't 18 simply usurp FWC's jurisdiction, they 19 shielded that decision from direct state court review by using this hammer and 20 21 anvil procedure to destroy our bird 22 business. Um and there was no pre-23 enforcement remedy in the extraordinary 24 writs, against the decision to usurp FWC 25 authority or against the hammer and anvil 26 for two reasons. First – they were enforcing 27 a custom and not an ordinance and because 28 state law permits the defendents regulation 29 to indirectly effect the possession and sale 30 of our toucans we didn't, we couldn't

1 establish an irreparable injury in their 2 trespass of FWC authority before the BCC 3 made its final policy decision. And Second – because uh chapter 162 of Florida's statutes 4 5 provides them adequate pre-enforcement 6 remedy we didn't have a, we couldn't 7 establish an irreparable due process injury 8 in the hammer and anvil when, per our 9 theory, um defendants forfeit immunity 10 when they usurp FWC authority and our 11 remedy is against them individually. It's 12 not until the BCC issues its final order that 13 we're faced with a defendant, it's not until 14 they convert this custom into policy that 15 we're faced with a defendant - Orange 16 County – against whom we have no 17 compensatory remedy. So, we say that 18 defendants have done that thing that 19 Bradley v Fisher says has no excuse, has no 20 immunity. They're acting in absence of 21 authority. They're flouting the state's 22 constitution, they're flouting its 23 fundamental process. They attacked. 24 They're not simply thumbing their nose at 25 article four section nine of the constitution 26 but they're thumbing their nose at Florida 27 courts. They attacked our bird business 28 when Florida courts have clearly 29 established they can't do that and they 30 manipulated uh a judicial policy that

- restricts review of BCC orders to devise the 1 2 procedural protections that could have 3 saved our bird business. So, we say - denied a judge, a court, a judge, a proceeding, that 4 5 had subject matter over the procession and 6 sale of our toucans we were denied all the 7 right that are fundamental in due process 8 and we do bring a claim in first, fourth, and 9 fourteenth amendment against their so called legislative acts and their so called 10 acceptable acts. So, we pray you will give us 11 12 the relief that we request in our briefs for 13 the reasons we stated there and here today. 14 Thank you.
- 15 **TJOFLAT:** You've saved some rebuttal time.16 Mr. Turner.
- 17 **TURNER:** Yes your honor. May it please the 18 court my name is William Turner. I 19 represent Orange County. Also here today 20 on behalf of other appellees are Mr. Derek 21 and Mr. Oxford, they represent some of the 22 individual defendants. But I am here on 23 behalf of Orange County only. First of all 24 or... First of all your honors I'd like to 25 address one of these, it sounds like an 26 underlining assertion made by Mr. Foley 27 and his argument, which is that they had no remedy in state court and somehow the 28 29 court house doors were barred to them.

1	That is simply not the case. As the Florida
$\bar{2}$	court, state court, sitting in an applet
3	capacity having heard the Foley's petition
$\overset{\circ}{4}$	for writ of certiorari, and having denied
5	that petition for writ of certiorari, the
6	Florida court specifically stated "petitioners
7	assertion that sections of the orange county
8	zoning code are unconstitutional is one
9	which can only be made in a separate legal
10	action, not on certiorari review." And then
11	the court cites to Miami Dade Coumty v.
12	omnipoint Holdings Inc. 863 southern 2nd
13	193 Florida Supreme Court 2003. So your
14	honor under state law there was an open
15	avenue for plaintiffs to pursue to challenge
16	the substantive validity of the Orange
17	County Code as compared to the authority
18	of the Florida Wildlife Commission. It was
19	right there for them and it was never
20	barred by anybody, in fact the Florida
21	government, through its judiciary arm,
22	pointed them to that door and let them
23	know how, you know, what essentially they
24	needed to do to
25	ANDERSON: But you do not contend that
26	they are barred by res judicata.
27	TURNER: No your honor I do not contend
28	that.

ANDERSON: Alright, I'd like to turn you, if 1 2 vou don't mind, to the validity of the 3 challenged ordinances and, in order to give you your whole time, my tentative thinking 4 5 is that the district courts should be 6 reversed on that. Number one, I thought 7 his analysis was wrong when he relied 8 upon the Caribbean case, which had the 9 unusual feature that... it was crucial there 10 to determine whether all wildlife was within the jurisdiction of the wildlife 11 12 agency or whether only some and it turned 13 out, the Supreme Court of Florida held, 14 that the endangered species where not 15 subject to the jurisdiction of the wildlife 16 commission and that's why the analysis 17 there determined whether the challenged 18 statutory... it says the court must first 19 determine whether the Florida constitution 20 provides the wildlife commission with 21 constitutional regulatory authority over all 22 marine life. So that simply doesn't, that 23 analysis, doesn't apply in a case like this 24 and I don't see anything in Carribean that 25 suggests that the usual preemption 26 analysis should not apply in the usual pre-27 emption type cases. So that's the first point. 28 And then second, applying the pre-emption 29 analysis it seems to me that there is 30 neither expressed nor implied pre-emption,

1 even if there was exclusive delegation to 2 the wildlife commission of regulatory 3 authority that did not say that this should not be of the general laws which would 4 5 incidentally impact on wildlife. And that's 6 exactly what we have here, we don't have 7 an ordinance which prohibits the raising of 8 these toucans or any other wildlife, it 9 simply directs them to an appropriate 10 district and it seems to me the position of 11 the district court here, which must have 12 been your position, would say that the 13 Florida fraud laws would not even apply. 14 Ya know. And that simply doesn't make 15 any sense. So. tell me where I'm wrong. 16 TURNER: Well your honor, I agree with your 17 honor that the district court was incorrect 18 in so broadly holding Orange County's 19 ordinances void. Even if one could, and 20 ultimately supposition State court should 21 be unwinding, unraveling the conflict 22 between the Florid Game commission, 23 Wildlife Commission, and local zoning laws. 24 But even if one... assuming for the sake of 25 argument that even if one where to assume 26 that Orange County's Code, when applied 27 to the Foley's permit from State law, was in 28 conflict. Even if one assumes that that 29 doesn't, that wouldn't justify voiding the

CERTIFICATE: I, DAVID W. FOLEY, JR., *Petitioner*, certify that I transcribed the foregoing from an official audio recording of oral argument in case 14-10936-EE. /s/ David W. Foley, Jr., Petitioner

ordinance because it could be that next

30

$\frac{1}{2}$	week the Wildlife commissions could change its regulations to be consistent.
3 4	ANDERSON : Actually I just made a strong argument for you didn't I.
5	TURNER: Yes you did your honor.
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	ANDERSON: I should have been asking that to the other side but it just doesn't make any sense to me what the district court did. I mean, if what the district court said was true then there wouldn't even be jurisdiction to hold a business responsible for fraudulent activities, for example, or any other general law that might have an incidental impact on wildlife activities.
15 16	TURNER: I would not like to see that state of affairs
17 18 19	ANDERSON : Which is exactly would happen if the District court decision stands. Would it not?
20 21	TURNER: To the extent their holding the code provisions voidable yes your honor.
22 23 24	ANDERSON : So you agree with me I'm sure that the district court was wrong in holding these challenge statues invalid.
25 26 27	TURNER: Frankly your honor I think the analysis is one that should have been left to the state courts to unwind.
	CERTIFICATE: I, DAVID W. FOLEY, JR., Petitioner, certify that I transcribed the foregoing from an official audio recording of oral argument in case 14-10936-FE

/s/ David W. Foley, Jr., Petitioner

1 2 3	ANDERSON : Well you mean that the district courts should have declined to take penden jurisdiction.
4	TURNER: Yes your honor.
5 6 7 8 9	TJOFLAT: It's an old Pullman doctrine issue. I have a problem of whether there is a non-frivolous constitutional claim in this case. I have serious question whether the district court should have, if there is no non-frivolous federal claim the court had no jurisdiction on these other issues.
12	TURNER: Yes your honor.
13	TJOFLAT: And I can't find one
l4 l5 l6 l7	TURNER: Yes your honor. That's what First of all I didn't, I wasn't involved in at trail level. I picked this case up for oral argument
18 19 20	TJOFLAT: Well I realize that's not the way it played out but I don't see a non-frivolous federal claimconstitutional claim.
21 22 23 24	TURNER: When I looked at the order for the first time I was surprised that the judge jumped right to the state law claim. State law analysis rather than Federal analysis.
25 26 27	TJOFLAT: Because if there is no non – frivolous federal claim he should have dismissed the case without prejudice. That
	CERTIFICATE: I, DAVID W. FOLEY, JR., <i>Petitioner</i> certify that I transcribed the foregoing from an officia audio recording of oral argument in case 14-10936-EE.

/s/ David W. Foley, Jr., Petitioner

1 2 3	would have allowed the Foley's to do the very thing that the Certiorari judge said they ought to do.
4	TURNER: Yes your honor.
5 6 7	ANDERSON : So would the statute of limitations have run now or is it tolled by these proceedings.
8 9	TURNER: Honestly I don't know the answer to that.
10 11 12 13 14	TJOFLAT: Well they could trigger it they could get the statute of limitations running again by simply say we're going to build a place. An out building. So that start all over again.
15 16	TURNER: Right and the ordinance is still on Orange County's books.
17 18 19 20 21	ANDERSON: So what you'd like us to do is vacate the district courts judgement and hold that he should not have exercised pendent jurisdiction over the state law claims.
22 23 24 25 26	TURNER: Well I don't want to have my cake and eat it too. I'd like your I'd like the court to just reverse all together but that would be somewhat inconsistent with, I think the true argument.

1 2 3 4	TJOFLAT: Well if it's reversed on the merits then that's the end of the day for the Foley's. If it's not reversed on the merits but on jurisdictional grounds it puts them
5	back where they were in the first place.
6	TURNER: Correct. Correct.
7	TJOFLAT: But with a remedy.
8 9 10	TURNER: Correct. Correct. So selfishly on behalf of Orange County we'd like you to absolutely reverse on but that would
11	be disingenuous
12 13	ANDERSON : So you'd like my first take on the case.
$\frac{14}{15}$	TURNER: I'd like you first take. Yes, your honor.
16 17	TJOFLAT: When a lawyer likes a first take it's a good time to wrap up the argument.
18 19	TURNER: Well that's what I'm going to do your honor. Thank you.
20	ANGELL: May we very quickly your honor.
21	TURNER: Ya.
22 23 24 25 26	ANGELL: Good morning my name in Derek Angell. I represent the Orange County officials and seeing that we are out of time for the defense, if there are any questions that the court has about the immunities.

1 2 3	TJOFLAT: They are all entitled to qualified immunities. They, in there official capacity, where sued.
$\frac{4}{5}$	ANGELL: Exactly your honor. Whether it's absolute judicial quasi
6 7	TJOFLAT: Well they want an injunctive relief. Which would allow them to proceed.
8 9 10 11 12	ANGELL: The Foley's sought injunctive relief from the county but also on any damages from the officials in their personal capacities. I believe there's no question there's immunity for
13	ROSENBAUM: Do you represent Mr. Boldig?
14 15 16	ANGELL: I do not I represent the that would be Mr. Oxford's. I'll sit down and let him answer your questions. Thank you.
17	TJOFLAT: Mr. Oxford
18 19 20 21 22 23	OXFORD: May it please this court my name is Lamar Oxford. I represent the six individuals who are collectively known as the County Employees. And there are at least five good reasons why they were properly dismissed from this case.
24 25 26 27	ROSENBAUM: Can I ask you about Mr. Boldig in particular. I think you are probably right with respect to the other ones with regard to the statute of
	CEDMIEICAME I DAVID III ECLEVI ID DAVI

1 limitations, but with respect to Mr. Boldig 2 the last thing that he did and the thing 3 that is really contested occurred at that hearing in 2008. And so I don't think that 4 5 there is a statute of limitations problem 6 with regard to him. But the district court 7 did not make an inquiry, or did not make 8 any finding, on either absolute or qualified 9 immunity. Why shouldn't we send it back 10 to the district court to evaluate those 11 defenses in the first instance. 12 **OXFORD:** Because I think there is enough in 13 this record for the court to recognize that 14 Mr. Boldig, while testifying at the Board of County Commissioners hearing, was 15 16 performing whatever you want to call it, a 17 legislative or a judicial function, for which 18 he is automatically entitled to the 19 immunity. I don't think the court needs to 20 send the case back to the district court for 21 it to point out the obvious fact that he 22 would be entitled to immunity under those 23 circumstances. 24 **ANDERSON**: Actually with respect to the 25 statute of limitations is not the same thing

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true with Boldig as are not the members of

the Board of County Commissioners in the

same position.

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OXFORD: Well I wouldn't want to speak for 1 2 them, Mr. Angell would, but yes that is 3 possible. 4 **ANDERSON**: And they too would be entitled 5 however to qualified immunity. **OXFORD:** Exactly. Reason after reason for 6 7 the individuals not to be in this case, and I 8 hesitate to say this especially with our time 9 almost gone, but Mr. Foley, who we have 10 immense respect for, gave a compassionate 11 closing argument type speech here for you. But he didn't talk about the law. And this 12 13 court, and the district court, all give 14 deference to pro say litigils. They're not trained in the law. But they have to apply 15 16 their facts to the law. **TJOFLAT:** We understand that. 17 **OXFORD:** Thank you very much. 18 19 **TJOFLAT:** Mr. Foley 20 **FOLEY**: I do see what your concerns are and 21 where you're headed. 22 **TJOFLAT**: It's not about where we're headed. 23

> CERTIFICATE: I, DAVID W. FOLEY, JR., Petitioner, certify that I transcribed the foregoing from an official audio recording of oral argument in case 14-10936-EE.

What I suggested was that if there was not

a non-frivolous claim then the district court

/s/ David W. Foley, Jr., Petitioner

FOLEY: Yes.

didn't have any jurisdiction.

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T	IJUFLAT: In which event it should not have
2	entered a judgment against you. You
3	understand?
4	FOLEY: I believe I do.
5	TJOFLAT: Alright. No. In which event then
6	there are no statute of limitations
7	problems. You have a remedy in the state
8	courts. There isn't any doubt in my mind
9	that you do. I speak for myself.
10	FOLEY: And when you're talking about
11	remedies you are talking about declaratory
12	relief
13	TJOFLAT: I'm talking about the whole The
14	Florida circuit court is a common law court.
15	Foley: Okay
16	TJOFLAT: They have They have more
17	power than we do, as a matter of fact, in
18	the sense that they can fashion any kind of
19	remedy which is necessary to cure the
20	problem that they find, if they find an
21	illegality.
22	FOLEY: Alright well
23	TJOFLAT: Declaratory relief. Injunctive
24	relief. Whatever.

FOLEY: I hear you. I would hate for you to 1 2 say they were all frivolous claims, I mean, 3 we do... 4 TJOFLAT: No. Your claims are not frivolous 5 claims. The federal constitutional claims ... I'm looking to see whether it is a non-6 7 frivolous claim. 8 FOLEY: Right, right. 9 **TJOFLAT**: You have to dance through a lot of hoops to make out a federal constitutional 10 claim out of these facts. You follow me? 11 12 FOLEY: Well, ah I hear you say that... 13 **TJOFLAT**: Let me put it this way. 14 FOLEY: Sure. 15 **TJOFLAT**: Generally, the federal courts in 16 these kinds of things, involving local 17 ordinances and the like, there's an old 18 doctrine in the law which says because of 19 comity our respect for the state 20 governments and local governments the 21 federal court stays its hand and it doesn't 22 act... and gets an answer to the question 23 out of the state courts... You follow me? 24 Then, if they're wrong, we have a 25 constitutional argument in this court.

CERTIFICATE: I, DAVID W. FOLEY, JR., *Petitioner*, certify that I transcribed the foregoing from an official audio recording of oral argument in case 14-10936-EE. /s/ David W. Foley, Jr., Petitioner

FOLEY: Alright, alright...

26

TJOFLAT: I mean a dismissal without prejudice doesn't hurt you at all.
FOLEY : It doesn't hurt me as badly as other conclusions would hurt us, certainly.
TJOFLAT : There's no injury at all; you're back at square one with a remedy in the state court is what I'm trying to say.
FOLEY: Yes, yes. Of course we were in square one when the code enforcement.
TJOFLAT: Well you were in a different position when you were seeking certiorari review.
FOLEY: Yes
TJOFLAT: I'm not talking about that.
FOLEY: Right, Right. Alright, well we did try to make our Federal Claim out.
TJOFLAT: I know I realize that. And the judge entertained it.
FOLEY: And Well I appreciate that. And I did take time to read Tenny v. Shores which was an opinion of yours in which you had laid out that I think a couple of sheriffs had taken somebody's property and even though they had not followed the State procedures there wasn't a due process remedy because there was some relief on

1	the other side. And of course that a State
2	relief But, um, alright. Again our
3	position is simply they're without authority
4	they had limited jurisdiction to begin with,
5	they knew, or should have known, and
6	certainly we told them, they didn't have
7	authority to do what they were going to do,
8	they did it anyway. And our reading of the
9	due process clause, our reading of
10	immunity policy, is that we do have a
11	Federal Claim in the fourteenth
12	amendment. Thank you.
13	TJOFLAT: Thank you.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR ORANGE COUNTY, FLORIDA

Appellants/Plaintiffs

DAVID W. FOLEY, JR., and JENNIFER T. FOLEY

ν.

Appellees/Defendants

ORANGE COUNTY, a political subdivision of the State of Florida, and,
ASIMA AZAM, TIM BOLDIG, FRED BRUMMER, RICHARD CROTTY, FRANK DETOMA, MILDRED FERNANDEZ,
MITCH GORDON, TARA GOULD, CAROL HOSSFIELD, TERESA JACOBS,
RODERICK LOVE, ROCCO RELVINI,
SCOTT RICHMAN, JOE ROBERTS,
MARCUS ROBINSON, TIFFANY
RUSSELL, BILL SEGAL, PHIL SMITH, and
LINDA STEWART,
individually and together,
in their personal capacities.

2016-CA-007634-O

DIRECTIONS TO CLERK

to

SUPPLEMENT THE RECORD

per

COURT ORDER

PLAINTIFFS/APPELLANTS David W. Foley, Jr., and Jennifer T. Foley, pursuant the attached order of the District Court of Appeal of the State of Florida Fifth District, dated March 23, 2021, and Fla.R.App.P. 9.200(f)(2), direct the clerk to supplement the record for appeal in the above cited case on or before April 22, 2021, with Document #56758653, Plaintiff's Motion for Judicial Notice, filed May 22, 2017.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Plaintiffs certify that on March 30, 2021, the foregoing was electronically filed with the Clerk of the Court using the Florida Courts' eFiling Portal, which will send notice of filing and a service copy of the foregoing to the following:

Linda S. Brehmer Lanosa, Assistant County Attorney, 201 S. Rosalind Av., 3rd Floor, Orlando FL, 32802, linda.lanosa@ocfl.net; *Ronald L. Harrop*, O'Connor & O'Connor LLC,

800 N. Magnolia Av. Ste 1350, Orlando FL, 32789, rharrop@oconlaw.com;

Gail C. Bradford, Dean, Ringers, Morgan & Lawton PA, PO 2928, Orlando FL 32802, gbradford@drml-law.com

David W. Foley, Jr.

Jennifer T. Foley

Date: Janury 30, 2021

Plaintiffs/Appellants

1015 N. Solandra Dr.

Orlando FL 32807-1931

PH: 407 721-6132

e-mail: david@pocketprogram.org e-mail: jtfoley60@hotmail.com

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA FIFTH DISTRICT

DAVID W. FOLEY, JR. AND JENNIFER T. FOLEY,

Appellants,

٧.

CASE NO. 5D21-0233

ORANGE COUNTY, A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA, PHIL SMITH, CAROL HOSSFIELD, MITCH GORDON, ROCCO RELVINI, TARA GOULD, TIM BOLDIG, FRANK DETOMA, ASIMA AZAM, ET AL,

Appellees.	
	/

DATE: March 23, 2021

BY ORDER OF THE COURT:

ORDERED that Appellants' "Motion for Order Directing Compliance with Rule 9.200" and Appendix, filed March 12, 2021, is treated as a motion to supplement the record and granted. Appellants shall, by April 1, 2021, file supplemental directions to the clerk of the lower tribunal that include Plaintiffs' Motion for Judicial Notice, filed May 22, 2017. Appellants shall cause the supplemental record to be transmitted to this Court by April 22, 2021. It is further

ORDERED that all remaining requests in Appellants' "Motion for Order Directing Compliance with Rule 9.200" and Appendix are denied.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is (a true copy of) the original Court order.

SANDRA B. WILLIAMS, CLERK

Panel: Judges Cohen, Wallis and Edwards

CC:

Gail C. Bradford Jennifer T. Foley Linda Brehmer Lanosa David W. Foley, Jr. Ronald L. Harrop Orange Cty Circuit Ct Clerk (2016-CA-007634-0)

IN THE CIRCUIT/COUNTY COURT OF THE NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR ORANGE COUNTY, FLORIDA

Lower Tribunal Case No.: 2016-CA-007634-O

Higher Court Case No.: 5D21-233

I, Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts in and for Orange County, Florida do hereby certify that the foregoing pages contain a correct transcript of the record.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand and affixed the seal of the Circuit Court in and for Orange County, Florida, on this 14th day of April, 2021.

Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts 425 N. Orange Ave., Orlando, FL 32801 (407) 836-2000 DIS-eDCA-Appeals@myorangeclerk.com



<u>Laura Keating</u> Deputy Clerk

Certificate of Compliance

This document if in conformity with all font and word county requirements per F.R.A.P. 9.045